

# **GCE MARKING SCHEME**

**SUMMER 2017** 

**MATHEMATICS - M1** 0980-01

#### INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2017 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

## **MATHEMATICS M1 (June 2017)**

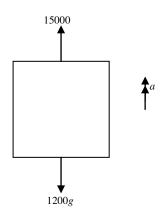
## Markscheme

Q Solution

Mark

Notes

1(a)



N2L applied to lift,upwards +ve

M1 d

dimensionally correct 15000, 1200g opposing No extra forces.

$$15000 - 1200g = 1200a$$
  

$$15000 - 1200 \times 9.8 = 1200a$$
  

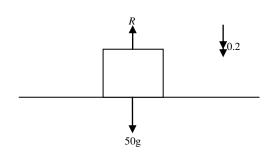
$$a = 2.7$$

A1

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**A**1

1(b)



N2L applied to crate, down +ve

M1 dimensionally correct *R* and 50*g* opposing. No extra forces.

$$50g - R = 50a$$
  
 $R = 50(9.8 - 0.2)$   
 $R = 480 (N)$ 

Q Solution Mark Notes

2(a) Impulse on 
$$Q = 2(7.5 - (-3))$$
 M1  
 $I = 21 \text{ (Ns)}$  A1 magnitude required.

2(b) Conservation of momentum M1 equation required. Allow 1 sign error 
$$6 \times 5 + 2 \times (-3) = 6v + 2 \times 7.5$$
 A1  $v = 1.5 \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)}$  A1 cao speed required

2(c) Restitution equation M1 allow one sign error Ft 
$$v$$

$$7.5 - 1.5 = -e(-3 - 5)$$

$$e = 0.75$$
A1 Ft  $v$ 
A1 cao

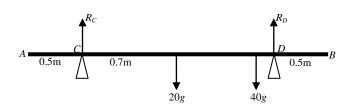
2(d) speed after rebound = 
$$7.5 \times 0.6$$
 M1  
=  $4.5 \text{ (ms}^{-1}\text{)}$  A1 cao allow -4.5

Q Solution

Mark

Notes

3.



3(a) Moments about D

M1 dimen correct equation

 $40g \times 0.1 + 20g \times 0.7 = R_C \times 1.4$ 

All forces, no extra any correct moment

A1 correct equation

 $R_C = \underline{126(N)}$ 

A1 cao

Resolve vertically

M1 dimen correct equation

All forces, no extra

$$R_C + R_D = 40g + 20g$$

**B**1

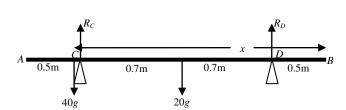
 $R_D = \underline{462(N)}$ 

A1 cao

## Alternative method

Two simultaneous equations award B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 A1cao A1cao

3(b)



Moments about C

M1 dimen correct equation All forces, no extra

oe

 $40g(x-1.9) + R_D \times 1.4 = 20g \times 0.7$ 

Equilibrium on point of collapse

when  $R_D=0$ .

or if moments about point not C

 $R_C$ =60g, (and  $R_D$ =0 implied).

M1

$$40g(x - 1.9) = 20g \times 0.7$$

$$x = 2.25(m)$$

A1 cao

Q Solution Mark

Notes

dim correct equation

4(a) using v=u+at, u=0, v=15, t=50

$$15 = 0 + 50a$$

M1

$$a = 0.3 \text{ (ms}^{-2})$$

**A**1 cao

4(b) N2L T - R = ma

$$300 - R = 800 \times 0.3$$

**A**1 Ft a

$$R = 300 - 240$$

$$R = \underline{60 \text{ (N)}}$$

**A**1 cao

using  $s=ut+0.5at^2$ , u=0, a=0.3(c), t=50  $s=0.5\times0.3\times50^2$ 4(c)

M1oe

FT a

s = 375

Distance used in braking = 500 - 375 = 125

Using  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ , u = 15, v = 0, s = 125(c)M1

 $0 = 15^2 + 2 \times a \times 125$ 

$$a = -\frac{15^2}{2 \times 125}$$

$$a = -0.9$$

**A**1

oe

**A**1

 $800 \times (-)(0.9) = (-)720$ 

B1 ft a

N2L

-B - R = ma

M1dim correct equation

B = 660 (N)

**A**1 cao

cao

<u>Alternative</u>

 $(-)F = 800 \times (-)(0.9)$ (B1)

F = 720

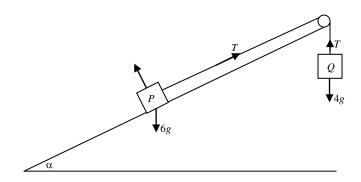
Force exerted by brakes = 720 - 60(M1)

> =660(N)(A1)

Q Solution Mark

Notes

5



$$5(a) \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{3}{5}$$

5(b)

$$4g - T = 4a$$

**B**1

N2L applied to second particle

M1Dim correct equation. T and weight opposing sin/cos required.

$$T - 6g\sin\alpha = 6a$$
 A1

$$\frac{3}{100} = 100$$

Adding 
$$4g - 6g \times \frac{3}{5} = 10a$$
 m1  
 $a = 0.04g = 0.392 \text{(ms}^{-2}\text{)}$  A1

cao mag req. accept 0.4 **A**1 cao accept 37.6/7

$$T = \frac{3.84g}{3.84g} = \frac{37.632(N)}{37.632(N)}$$
5(b) Using  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ ,  $u = 0$ ,  $a = 0.392(c)$ ,  $s = 1.5$   
 $v^2 = 2 \times 0.04g \times 1.5$ 

M1 oe **A**1 Ft a

$$v = \frac{\sqrt{3g}}{5} = \underline{1.0844 (\text{ms}^{-1})}$$

**A**1 cao

5(c) Using 
$$v=u+at$$
,  $v=0$ ,  $u=\frac{\sqrt{3g}}{5}$  (c),  $a=(\pm)0.6g$  M1 oe

$$0 = \frac{\sqrt{3g}}{5} - 0.6gt$$

**A**1 Ft *v* from (b)

$$t = 0.1844$$

**A**1 cao

Required time = 
$$0.37(s)$$

Ft t, 2dp required. **A**1

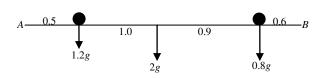
Q Solution

Mark

**A**1

Notes

6.



Take moments about *B* 

M1 dimensionally correct 4 terms equation, condone no *g* throughout.

$$(1.2g + 2g + 0.8g)x$$
  
= 1.2g×2.5 + 2g×1.5 + 0.8g×0.6

B1 any correct moment A1 correct equation

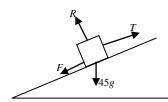
 $x = 1.62 \, (\text{m})$ 

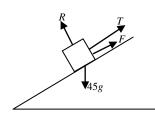
Q Solution

Mark

Notes

7





Resolve perpendicular to plane

M1 A1  $accept \; sin\alpha$ 

 $F = 0.5 \times R = (18g = 176.4)$ 

 $R = 45g \cos \alpha = (36g = 352.8)$ 

m1

\ 0

1111

M1 or N2L with *a*=0 Dimensionally correct All forces, *T* and wt opp.

For greatest *T* 

 $T = 45g \sin \alpha + F$ 

N2L parallel to plane

A1 a=0

T = 27g + 18gT = 45g = 441(N)

A1 cao

N2L parallel to plane

M1 or N2L with *a*=0
Dimensionally correct
All forces, *T* and wt opp. *F* in opposite direction to previous N2L.

For least T

 $45g \sin \alpha = T + F$ 

A1 *a*=0

 $T = 45g \sin \alpha - F$ T = 27g - 18g

T = 27g - 18gT = 9g = 88.2(N)

A1 cao

Condone absence of 'greatest/least' but if present must be correct for A1.

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( )	Solution
U	Solution

Mark Notes

8(a).		Area	from $AF(x)$	from $AB(y)$	
	ABEF	180	5	9	B1
	BCD	90	15	6	B1

1 Lamina 270 **B**1 areas correct, allow areas  $\boldsymbol{x}$ y in proportion 2:1:3.

Moments about AF

$$270x = 180 \times 5 + 90 \times 15$$
 M1  
 $270x = 2250$ 

$$x = \frac{25}{3} = 8.3$$
 A1 cao

Moments about AB

$$270y = 180 \times 9 + 90 \times 6$$
 M1  
 $270y = 2160$  A1 cao

Identification of correct triangle 
$$\tan \theta = \left(\frac{10 - 25/3}{18 - 8}\right)$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{5}{30}\right)$$
A1 Ft x, y

$$\theta = 9.5^{(o)}$$
 or  $\theta = 0.165^{(c)}$  A1 FT  $x$ ,  $y$  units not required but if present must be correct.